

Reversible Barbed Congruence on Configuration Structures

Clément Aubert^{1,3} Ioana Cristescu^{2,3}

¹LACL - Univ. Paris Est Creteil

²PPS - Univ. Paris Diderot

³ANR-14-CE25-0005 [ELICA](#) & ANR-11-INSE-0007 [REVER](#)

5 June 2015

$$P = (a.b.0) + (b.a.0)$$

$$Q = (a.0)|(b.0)$$

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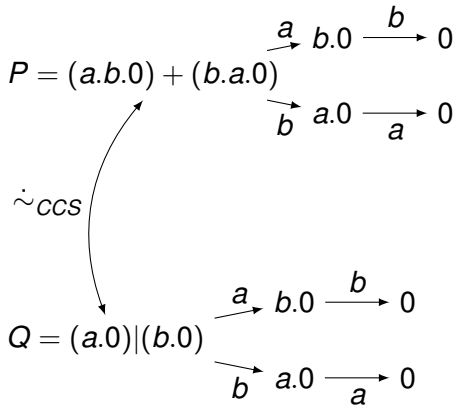
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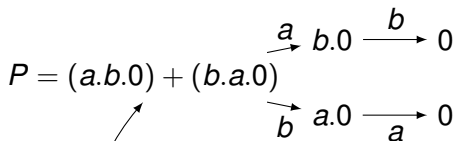
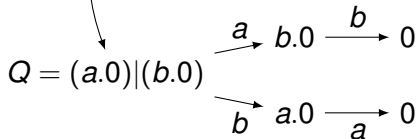
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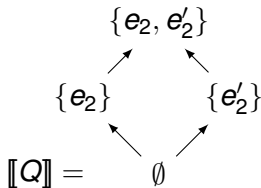
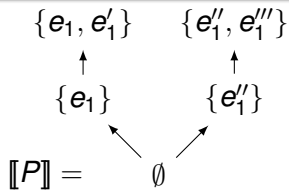
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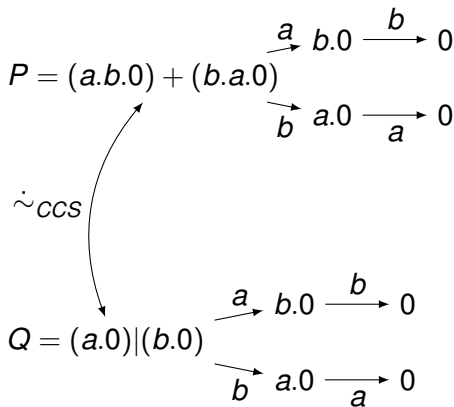
CCS

 \sim_{CCS} 

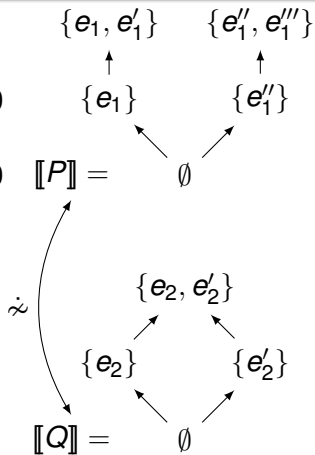
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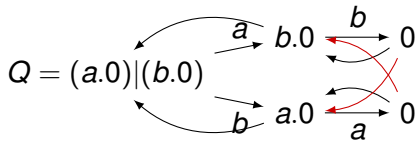
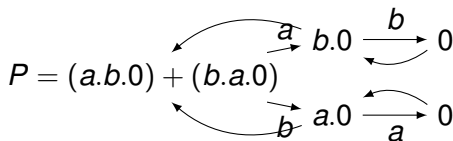
configuration structures



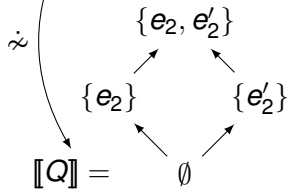
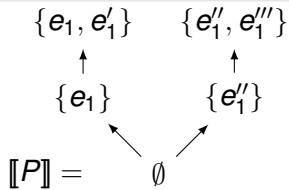
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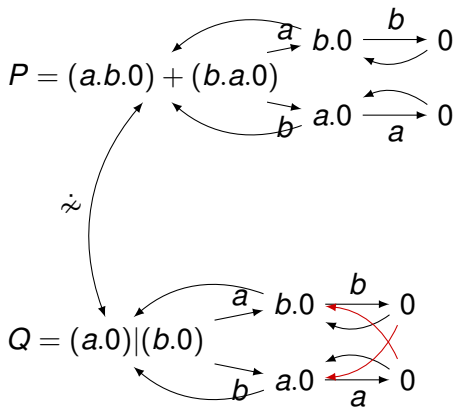
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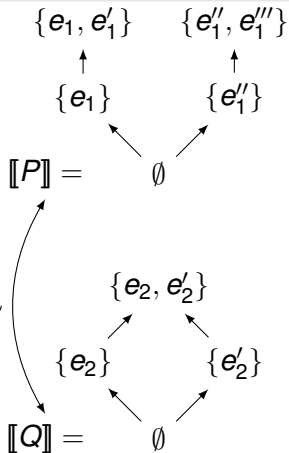
RCCS

 \approx

configuration structures



RCCS



configuration structures

labelled equivalence \Leftrightarrow contextual equivalence

$P \sim^T Q \Leftrightarrow$ if for every *context* C , $C[P]$ and $C[Q]$ have the same *observables*.

labelled equivalence \Leftrightarrow contextual equivalence

$P \sim^{\tau} Q \Leftrightarrow$ if for every *context* C , $C[P]$ and $C[Q]$ have the same *observables*.

Context $C := [] \parallel \alpha.C \parallel C + P \parallel C|P.$

Observable

the *reductions*

the *barbs*: $P \downarrow_{\alpha}$ if there exists P' such that $P \rightarrow^{\alpha} P'$.

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Strong barbed congruence

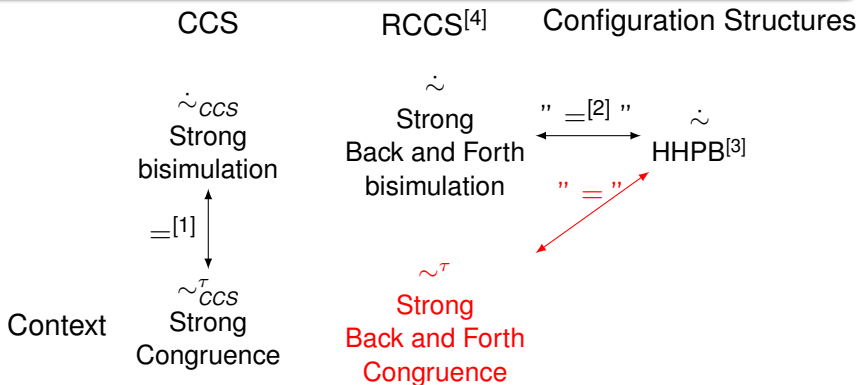
$$P \dot{\sim}^\tau_{CCS} Q \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} P \rightarrow^\tau P' \Rightarrow Q \rightarrow^\tau Q' \wedge P' \dot{\sim}^\tau_{CCS} Q' \\ P \downarrow_\alpha \Rightarrow Q \downarrow_\alpha \\ Q \dot{\sim}^\tau_{CCS} P \end{cases}$$

$$P \sim^\tau_{CCS} Q \Leftrightarrow \forall C, C[P] \dot{\sim}^\tau_{CCS} C[Q]$$

labelled equivalence \Leftrightarrow contextual equivalence

$P \sim^T Q \Leftrightarrow$ if for every *context* C , $C[P]$ and $C[Q]$ have the same *observables*.

contextual characterisation of
hereditary history-preserving bisimulation (hhpb)?



[1] Milner and Sangiorgi (1992). "Barbed Bisimulation"

[2] Phillips and Ulidowski (2012). "Reversibility and Models for Concurrency"

[3] Bednarczyk (1991). "Hereditary history preserving bisimulation"

[4] Danos and Krivine (2004). "Reversible Communicating Systems"

$R, S := m \triangleright P \parallel R|R$ (RCCS processes)

$m := \emptyset \parallel \gamma . m \parallel \langle i, a, P \rangle . m \parallel \langle i, a \rangle . m$ (Memories)

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Example

$\emptyset \triangleright (a.P + b.Q)|(c.\bar{a}.P')$

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$$\emptyset \triangleright (a.P + b.Q) | (c.\bar{a}.P')$$

$$\equiv (\gamma . \emptyset \triangleright (a.P + b.Q)) | (\gamma . \emptyset \triangleright (c.\bar{a}.P'))$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \emptyset \triangleright (a.P + b.Q) \mid (c.\bar{a}.P') \\ & \equiv (\gamma . \emptyset \triangleright (a.P + b.Q)) \mid (\gamma . \emptyset \triangleright (c.\bar{a}.P')) \\ & \rightarrow^{1:b} (\langle 1, b, a.P \rangle . \gamma . \emptyset \triangleright Q) \mid (\gamma . \emptyset \triangleright (c.\bar{a}.P')) \end{aligned}$$

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$$R, S := m \triangleright P \parallel R|R \quad (\text{RCCS processes})$$

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Strong back-and-forth barbed bisimulation

$$R \dot{\sim}^T S \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} R \rightarrow^T R' \Rightarrow S \rightarrow^T S' \wedge R' \dot{\sim}^T S' \\ R \rightsquigarrow^T R' \Rightarrow S \rightsquigarrow^T S' \wedge R' \dot{\sim}^T S' \\ R \downarrow_{\alpha} \Rightarrow S \downarrow_{\alpha} \\ S \dot{\sim}^T R \end{cases}$$

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Strong back-and-forth barbed congruence

$\sim^T = \dot{\sim}^T$ closed by *context*

Origin of a process

$$O_R = P \text{ such that } \emptyset \triangleright P \rightarrow^* R$$

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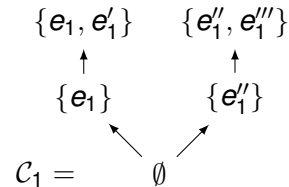
$$R = \langle i, b, a.P \rangle. \emptyset \triangleright Q \quad S = \langle j, a, b.Q \rangle. \emptyset \triangleright P$$

$O_R = O_S = \emptyset \triangleright a.P + b.Q$, so $O_R \sim^T O_S$ but $R \not\sim^T S$!

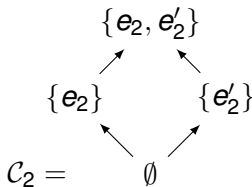
Labelled configuration structure^[5]

$\mathcal{C} = \langle E, C, \ell \rangle$ with $C \subset \mathcal{P}(E)$ and $\ell : E \rightarrow \text{labels}$.

Example



$$\begin{aligned} \ell_1(e_1) &= \ell_1(e''_1) = a \\ \ell_1(e'_1) &= \ell_1(e'_1) = b \end{aligned}$$



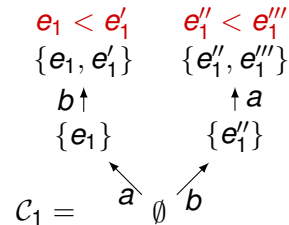
$$\begin{aligned} \ell_2(e_2) &= a \\ \ell_2(e'_2) &= b \end{aligned}$$

[5] Winskel (1982). "Event structures for CCS"

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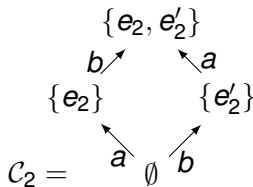
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Hereditary History Preserving Bisimulation: $\mathcal{C}_1 \sim \mathcal{C}_2$

$(\emptyset, \emptyset, \emptyset) \in \mathcal{R}$, and for $x_i \in C_i$, $e_i \in E_i$, $(x_1, x_2, f) \in \mathcal{R} \Rightarrow$

f label and order preserving bijection

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$$x_1 \rightarrow^\alpha x_1 \cup \{e_1\} \implies$$

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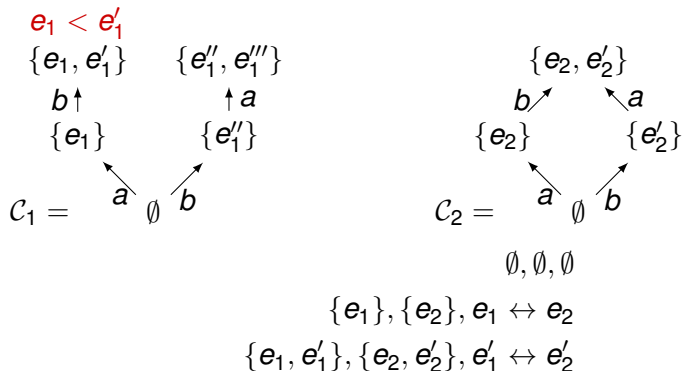
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Example



Reversible Configuration Structures

$$O_R = P \text{ such that } \emptyset \triangleright P \underbrace{\rightarrow^{\alpha_1} \dots \rightarrow^{\alpha_i}}_{x_R = \{e_1, \dots, e_i\}} R \quad \llbracket R \rrbracket = (\llbracket O_R \rrbracket, x_R)$$

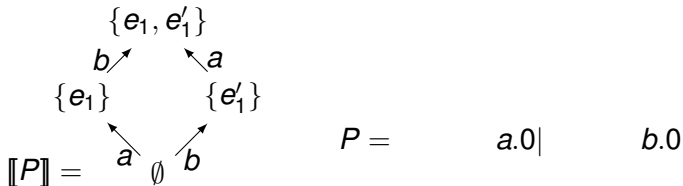
We can consider only forward transitions.

Reversible Configuration Structures

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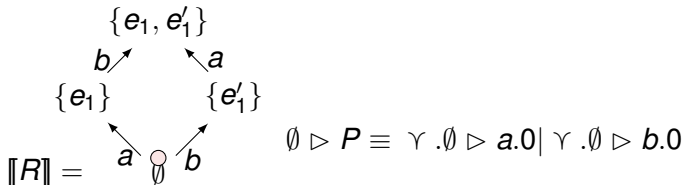


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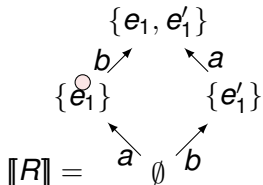


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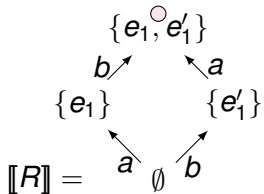
$$\begin{aligned} \emptyset \triangleright P &\equiv \gamma . \emptyset \triangleright a.0 \mid \gamma . \emptyset \triangleright b.0 \\ &\rightarrow^{1:a} \langle 1, a \rangle . \gamma . \emptyset \triangleright 0 \mid \gamma . \emptyset \triangleright b.0 \end{aligned}$$

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Reversible Configuration Structures

$$O_R = P \text{ such that } \emptyset \triangleright P \underbrace{\rightarrow^{\alpha_1} \dots \rightarrow^{\alpha_j}}_{x_R = \{e_1, \dots, e_j\}} R \quad \llbracket R \rrbracket = (\llbracket O_R \rrbracket, x_R)$$

We can consider only forward transitions.

Operational correspondence

let $\llbracket R \rrbracket = (\mathcal{C}, x)$:

$$R \rightarrow^{i:\alpha} S \Rightarrow (\mathcal{C}, x) \rightarrow^{\alpha} (\mathcal{C}, x \cup \{e\})$$

$$(\mathcal{C}, x) \rightarrow^{\alpha} (\mathcal{C}, x \cup \{e\}) \Rightarrow R \rightarrow^{i:\alpha} S$$

where $\llbracket S \rrbracket = (\mathcal{C}, x \cup \{e\})$, $\ell(e) = \alpha$ and the similarly for \rightsquigarrow .

RCCS

Configuration Structures

$$R \sim^T S$$

$$(\llbracket O_R \rrbracket, x_R)'' \sim \llbracket ([O_S], x_S) \rrbracket$$

$$O_R \sim^T O_S \xleftarrow{\quad \text{" = " } \quad} \llbracket O_R \rrbracket \dot{\sim} \llbracket O_S \rrbracket$$

RCCS

Configuration Structures

$$R \sim^T S$$

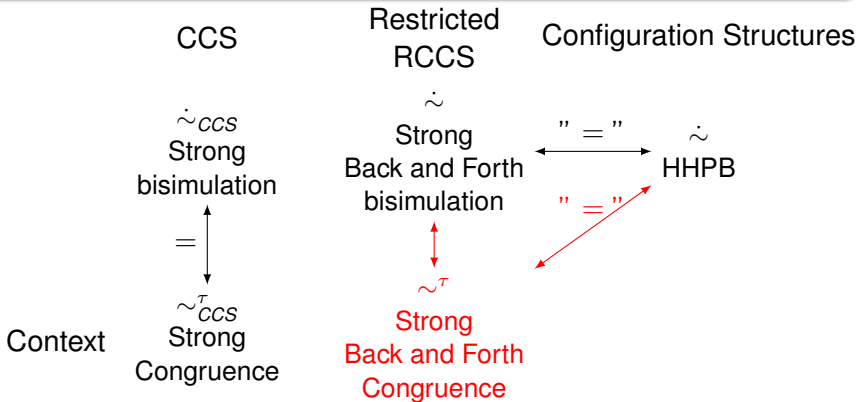
$$([[O_R], X_R] \sim]([O_S], X_S)$$

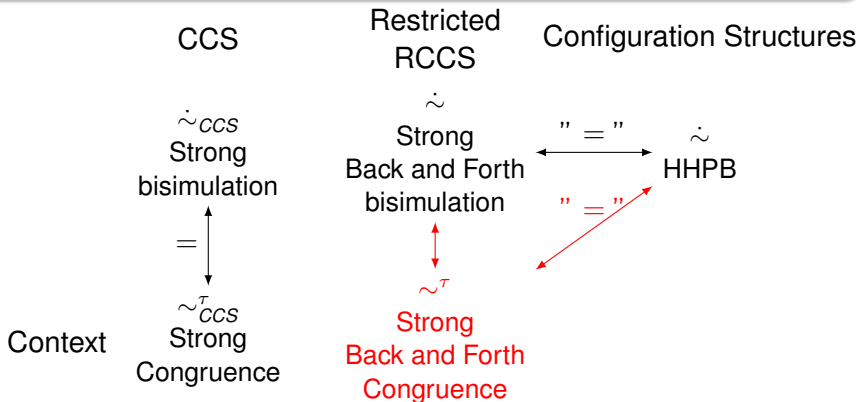
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 O_R \sim^T O_S & \xleftarrow{\text{"="}} & [[O_R] \dot{\sim} [O_S]] \\
 & \searrow & \updownarrow \\
 & & [[O_R] \sim^T [O_S]]
 \end{array}$$

+ inductive approximations of hhpb

contextual characterisation of hhpb

$$[[O_R] \dot{\sim} [O_S]] \Leftrightarrow \text{for every context } C, [[C[O_R]] \dot{\sim} [C[O_S]]].$$





Future work

More general context for RCCS

Weak case

What to observe? directions?